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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/776,333	02/10/2004	Michael Moshman	077350.0136	1725
62965 7590 05/20/2010 BAKER BOTTS L.L.P.			EXAM	INER
30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA 44th Floor NEW YORK, NY 10112-4498			MERCIER, MELISSA S	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
THE TORKS,	111 10112 4450		1615	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			05/20/2010	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

DLNYDOCKET@BAKERBOTTS.COM

Office Action Summary

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/776,333	MOSHMAN ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit	_
MELISSA S. MERCIER	1615	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period fo	or Reply					
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any	CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.	In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed ply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. e the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1)🛛	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 11 March	<u>n 2010</u> .				
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ This acti	on is non-final.				
3)		except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex pa	arte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposit	ion of Claims					
4)🖂	Claim(s) 1,2 and 4-36 is/are pending in the applica	tion.				
	4a) Of the above claim(s) 18 and 19 is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)🛛	Claim(s) 1-2, 4-17, 20-36 is/are rejected.					
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or ele	ection requirement.				
Applicati	ion Papers					
9)	The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepte	d or b) objected to by the Examiner.				
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the draw	ring(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is	s required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exami	ner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign pric ☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:	ority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
٠,	1.☐ Certified copies of the priority documents ha	ve been received				
	Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
		documents have been received in this National Stage				
	application from the International Bureau (Po	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
* 8	See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the	. ,,				
Attachmen	nt(s)					
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date.				

Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)	
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Date	
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	5) Notice of Informal Patent Application	
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	

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DETAILED ACTION

Summarv

Receipt of Applicants Remarks and Amended Claims filed on March 11, 2010 is acknowledged. Claims 1-2 and 4-36 are pending in this application. Claims 18-19 remain withdrawn from consideration. Therefore, claims 1-2, 4-17, and 19-36 remain under prosecution in this application.

Withdrawn Rejections

Specification

The objection to the specification as failing to provide proper antecedent basis for the claimed subject matter, because it was noted that claims 10-12 recite the amount of antioxidants present in a % weight/volume has been withdrawn in view of Applicants amendment to claims 10-12.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The rejection of claims 1-2, 4-9, 12, 16-17, and 20-36 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Illum et al. (US Patent 6,387,917; hereinafter referred to as Illum) has been withdrawn in view of Applicants amendment to claim 1 to require and recite specific antimicrobial agents.

The rejection of claim 11 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Illum et al. (US Patent 6,387,917) in view of Tulin-Silver et al. (US 5,508,282; hereinafter referred to as Tulin) has been withdrawn in view of Applicants amendment to claim 1 to require and recite specific antimicrobial agents.

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Newly Applied Rejections

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-2, 4-9, 12, 14-17, and 20-36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Illum et al. (US Patent 6,387,917) in view of Grebow et al. (US Patent 5,026,825).

Illum discloses a methane sulphonate salt of morphine and compositions thereof having medicinal uses, particularly for the treatment of pain and adapted for nasal delivery (abstract). Illum discloses the methane sulfonate salt of morphine is commonly termed mesylate (column 2, lines 31-35). The preferred composition comprises aqueous solutions in which the methane sulphonate salt is combined with chitosan to provide an increased absorption of the drug (column 2, lines 61-68). The morphine methane sulphonate liquid formulation will comprise 0.1mg/mL to about 600mg/mL morphine content (column 4, lines 20-24). The formulation may also be incorporate into formulations suitable for oral, buccal, rectal, or vaginal administration (column 4, lines 39-42). Illum's Examples 2-3 discloses a solution for intranasal administration comprising 8g morphine base (monohydrate), to which 2M methane sulphonic acid

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solution is stirred in, and 25mL of chitosan (column 5, line 33 through column 6, line 21). It is noted in claim 9, that Applicant has identified methane sulfonic acid as an antioxidant. The prior art teaches mixing morphine base monohydrate with methane sulphonic acid in which no additional method steps are performed, (i.e. heating, precipitation), then adding the chitosan solution. Therefore, Applicants is directed to their own specification on page 10-11, in which Applicant has used the same method steps as Illum, and would necessarily result in the conversation of the base monohydrate to the methane sulphonate salt of morphine. Example 2 additionally discloses a weight ratio of morphine (150mg/ml) to chitosan (5mg/ml) is 10:1, thereby meeting the claim limitations. As discussed above, the morphine can also be present in the amount of 0.1mg/ml to 600mg/ml; therefore, the skilled artisan would be able to determine the optimal therapeutic benefit by optimizing the morphine to chitosan ratio based on the teachings of Illum.

The pH of the formulation is adjusted to a range of about 4-7 by adding additional methane sulfonic acid solution or an alkali (column 3, lines 36-40).

Illum further discloses the formulation can also contain other ingredients such as buffer systems, pH modifiers, anti-oxidants, stabilizing agents, anti-microbial agents, chelating agents, viscosity-enhancing agents, or other agents generally used in pharmaceutical formulations (column 4, lines 25-29).

While Illum discloses the use of antimicrobial agents, Illum does not disclose the use of benzalkonium chloride, disodium EDTA, sodium benzoate, and combinations thereof.

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Grebow discloses an intranasal formulation comprising antimicrobial agents including benzalkonium chloride and disodium EDTA (Examples). They are present in the amount of 0.001-2.0% (w/v) (column 11, lines 55-63).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have incorporated the specific antimicrobial agents of Grebow into the formulation of Illum since Grebow discloses they are suitable for use in nasal inhalant formulations.

Illum does not disclose the molecule to molecule ratio of morphine to chitosan recited in the instant claims. Illum does however disclose the same weight ratios recited in the specification on which would result in the claimed linear absorption rates upon administration., therefore, it is the position of the Examiner that since Illum discloses the same morphine and the same chitosan in the same weight ratios as recited as able to silicate the desired release, it would also meet the limitations of the molecule to molecule ratio, absent a showing of evidence to the contrary.

Furthermore the claims differ from the reference by reciting various concentrations of the active ingredient(s). However, the preparation of various transmucosally compositions having various amounts of the active agent and chitosan polymers is within the level of skill of one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention. It has also been held that the mere selection of proportions and ranges is not patentable absent a showing of criticality. See In re Russell, 439 F.2d 1228 169 USPQ 426(CCPA 1971).

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Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant argues:

*there is no reasonable expectation of successfully substituting the antimicrobial agents of Grebow into the formulation of Illum.

The Examiner respectfully disagrees. Illum discloses his nasal formulation can comprise antimicrobial agents. Grebow is relied on for the inclusion of specific, art recognized, antimicrobial agents suitable for use in nasal formulations. The relevance of the aminolevulinic acid to the rejection discussed above is unclear to the Examiner. Clarification of how the antimicrobial agents would be unsuitable for use in other nasal formulations is requested.

Claim 11 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Illum et al. (US Patent 6,387,917) in view of Grebow et al. (US Patent 5,026,825) and further in view of Tulin-Silver et al. (US 5,508,282).

The teaching of Illum and Grebow are discussed above and applied in the same manner

Illum discloses the use of antioxidant; however, Illum does not disclose the specific use of ascorbic acid or sodium ascorbate in the amount of 40-70mg/mL.

Tulin discloses compositions and methods for the treatment of rhinosinusitus comprising ascorbic acid in a nasal spray (abstract) in the amount of 15-300mg/ml (Table I).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill to have incorporated the ascorbic acid of Tulin in the formulation of Illum since Tulin discloses it's useful for shortening the symptoms and duration of rhinitis or rhinosinusitis without side effects (column 3, lines 5-8).

Claim 13 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Illum et al. (US Patent 6,387,917) in view of Grebow et al., (US Patent 5,026,825) and further in view of Santus et al.(US Patent 6,333,044).

The combination of Illum and Grebow are discussed above and applied in the same manner.

Illum and Grebow do not disclose the use of sodium benzoate as an antimicrobial agent.

Santus discloses nasal spray formulations comprising antimicrobial agents.

Sodium benzoate is disclosed.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have incorporated the specific antimicrobial agents of Santus into the formulation of Illum and Grebow because it is disclosed as suitable for use in nasal inhalant formulations.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP

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§ 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to MELISSA S. MERCIER whose telephone number is (571)272-9039. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00am-4:30pm Mon through Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Robert A. Wax can be reached on (571) 272-0623. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Melissa S Mercier/ Examiner, Art Unit 1615 /Carlos A. Azpuru/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1615